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Meta Data of the WMO WIS

Abstract not available



ISO 191xx series of geographic information standards

Omar Baddour and the WIS group
WMO

Contents

- Presentation of ISO TC-211
- Generalities on ISO 191xx
- Reference models for ISO 191xx

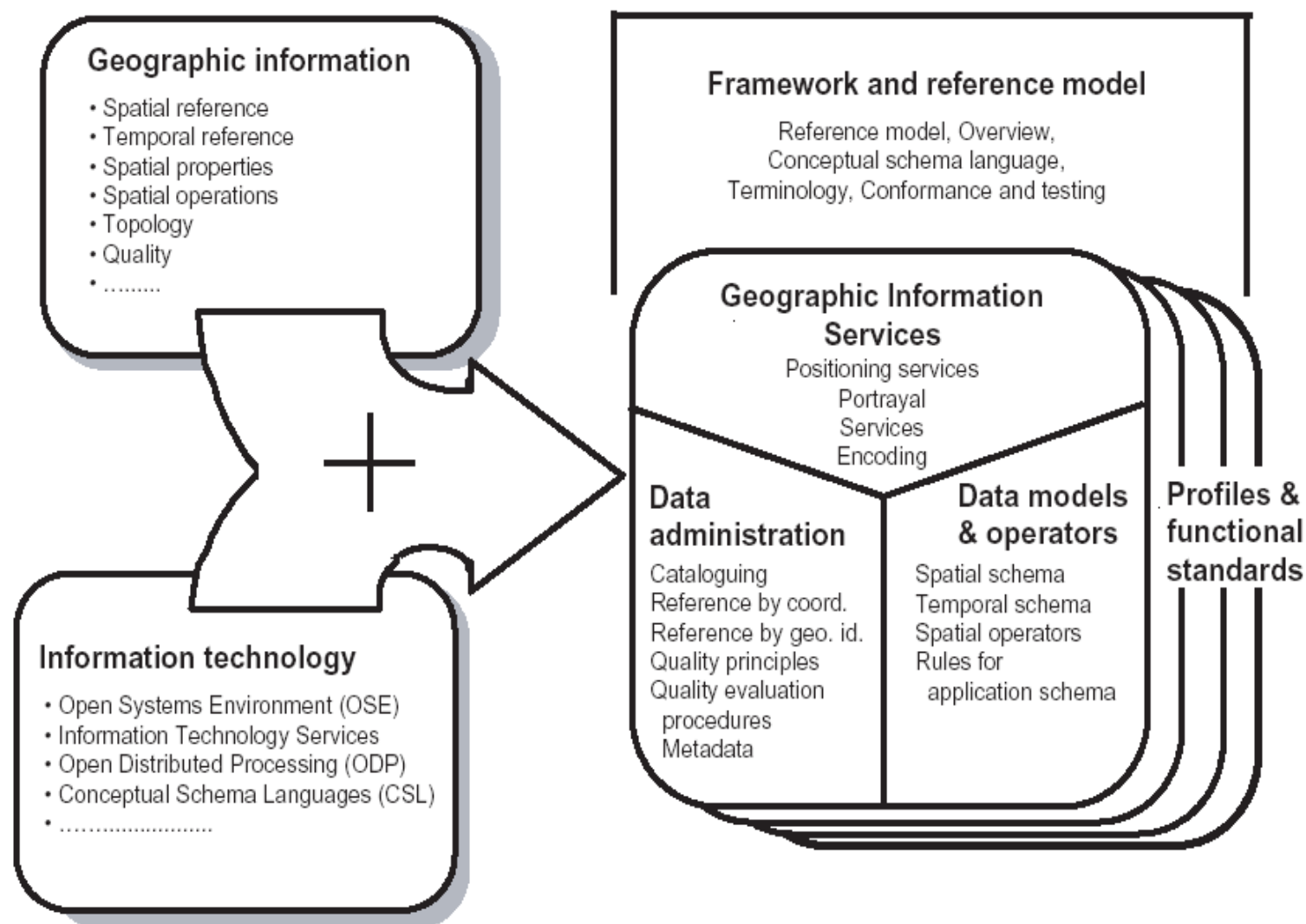
ISO TC 211

The ISO 191xx series are developed by the ISO Technical Committee 211 including

- 29 participating countries
- 31 observing countries
- Liaisons with 26 organizations (OGC, CEOS, FAO, ICAO, IHB, WMO, etc.)

<http://www.isotc211.org/>

Generalities - ISO 19101 - Concepts



Generalities

- A main goal of the ISO 191xx series is to facilitate the interoperability of geographic information systems
 - i.e. ability to discover, access, understand and use the information and tools, independently from the platform supporting them

Generalities

- Structured set of standards specifying methods, tools and services for the management of geographic information, including:
 - Definition of data,
 - Access to data
 - Presentation of data
 - Transfer between users

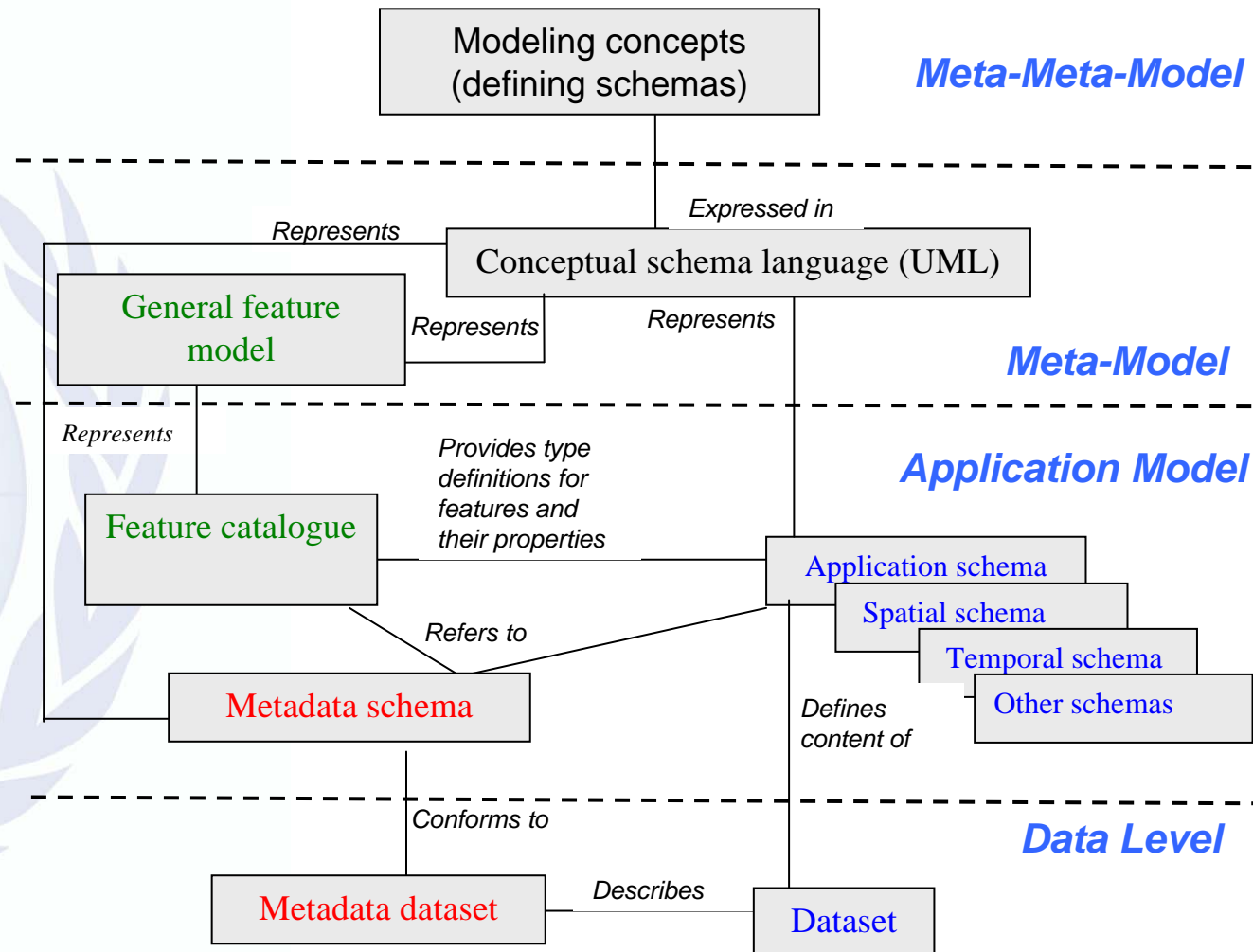
List of ISO 191xx

- The ISO 191xx series comprise 51 projects for standardisation, which are at different stages of development; 34 of these projects, have been finalised and published.
- The project 19115 for metadata, very likely the most popular one, was initiated in 1996 and published as ISO standard in May 2003.

Generalities - Profiles

- Profiles: subset of one or several of the ISO 191xx standards
- ISO 19106 describes the procedures for the development of profiles and their registrations
- Extensions to the standards may be allowed

Conceptual Schema Modelling Facilities (CSMF)

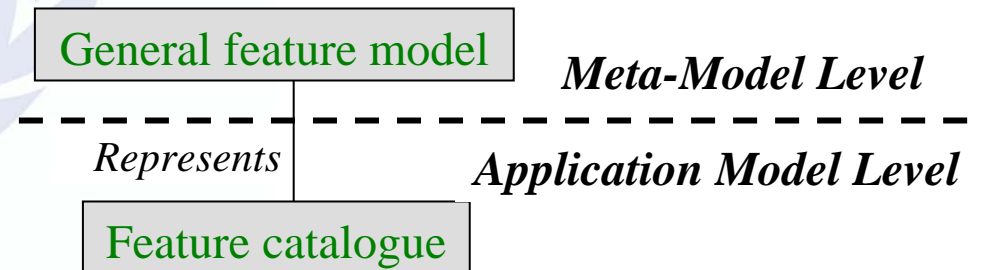


Domain reference model - feature

- Abstraction of real world phenomena or everything with a name part of the information system
 - Feature types, e.g. observation, forecast, station, NMHS
 - Feature attributes, e.g. location of a station
 - Feature associations, e.g. a station is operated by an NMHS, observations are made at a station
 - Feature operations: to open a station

Domain reference model - feature

- General Feature Model (ISO 19109) is meta-model for feature catalogues (ISO 19110) including the definition and description of feature types, attributes, associations and operations

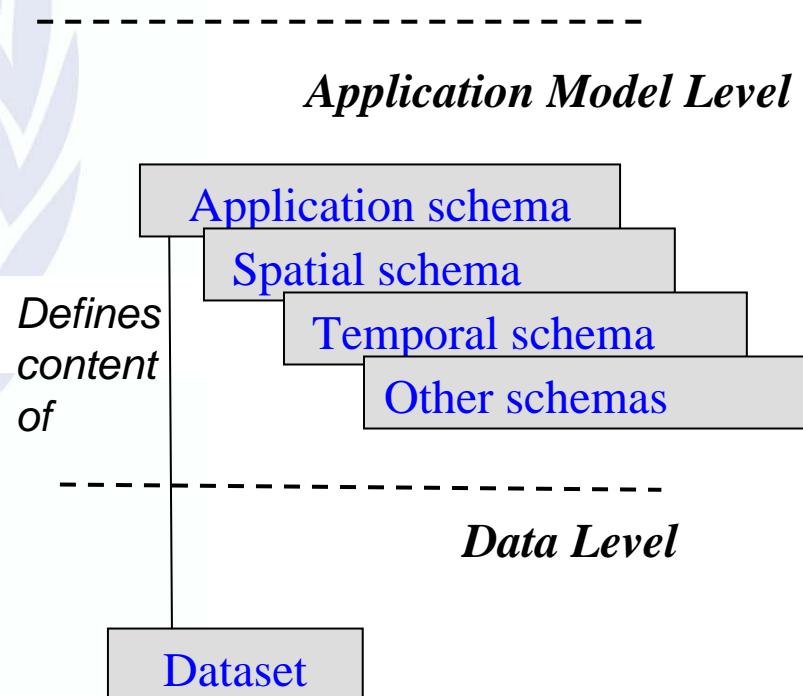


Domain reference model - feature

- Methodology (ISO 19126) for creating feature registers (ISO 19135)
- Guide for different information communities to share/develop compatible feature information registers with cross-referencing

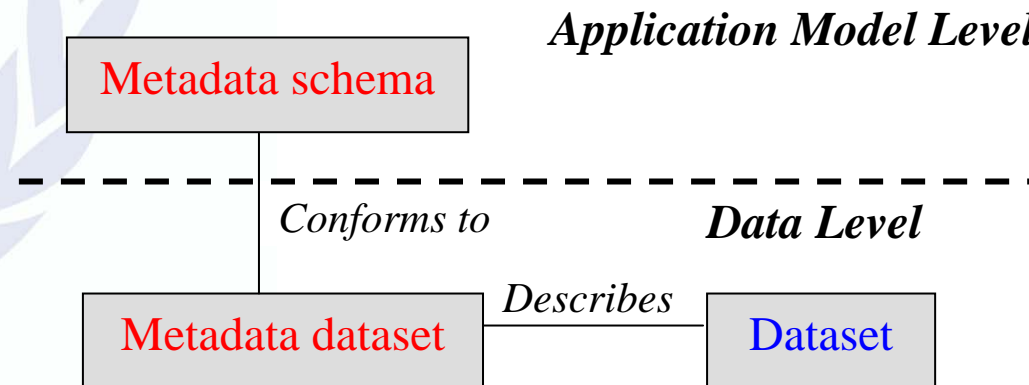
Domain reference model - Application Schema

- Formal description of the data structure and content of the dataset (ISO 19109)

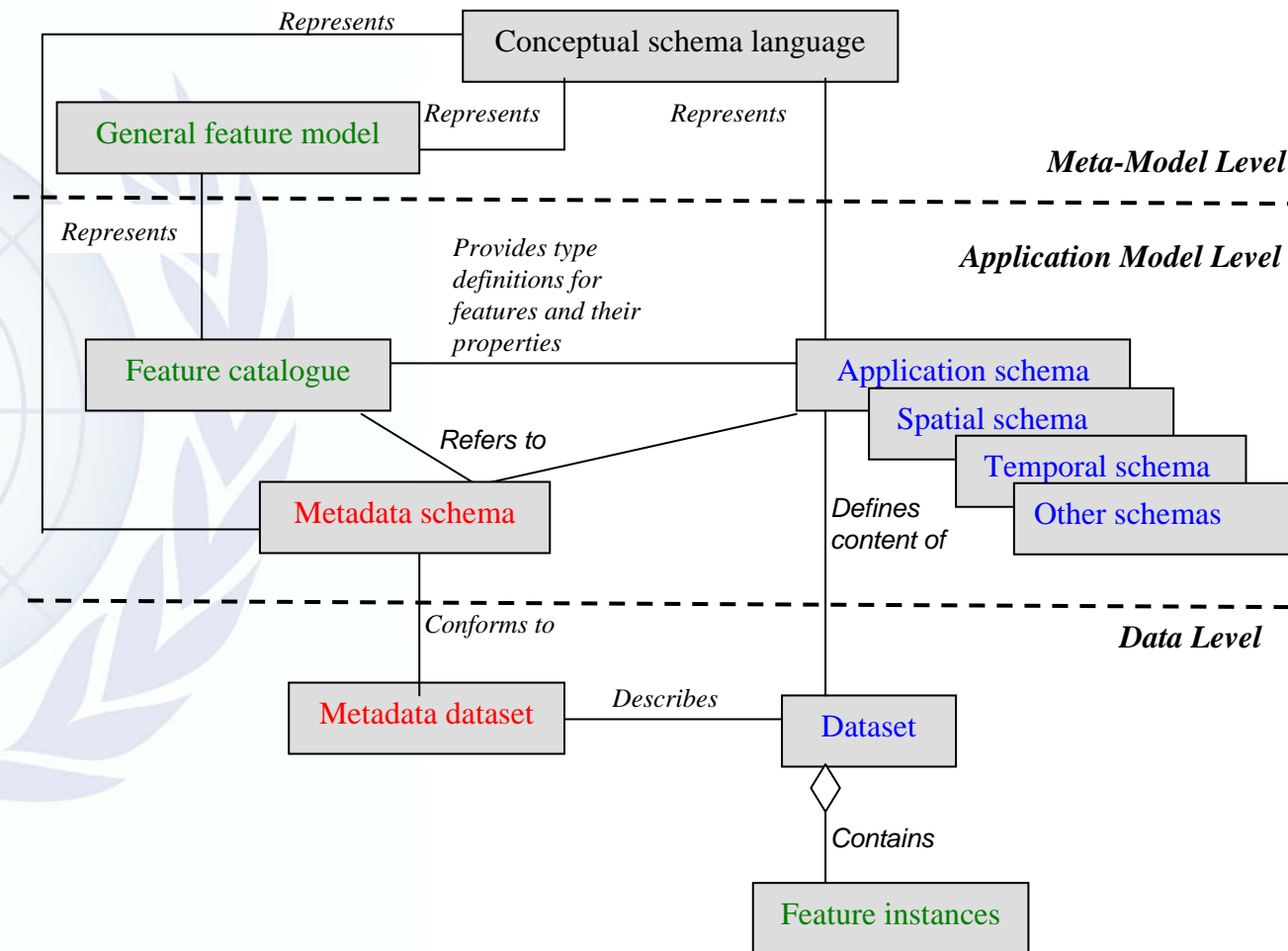


Domain reference model - metadata

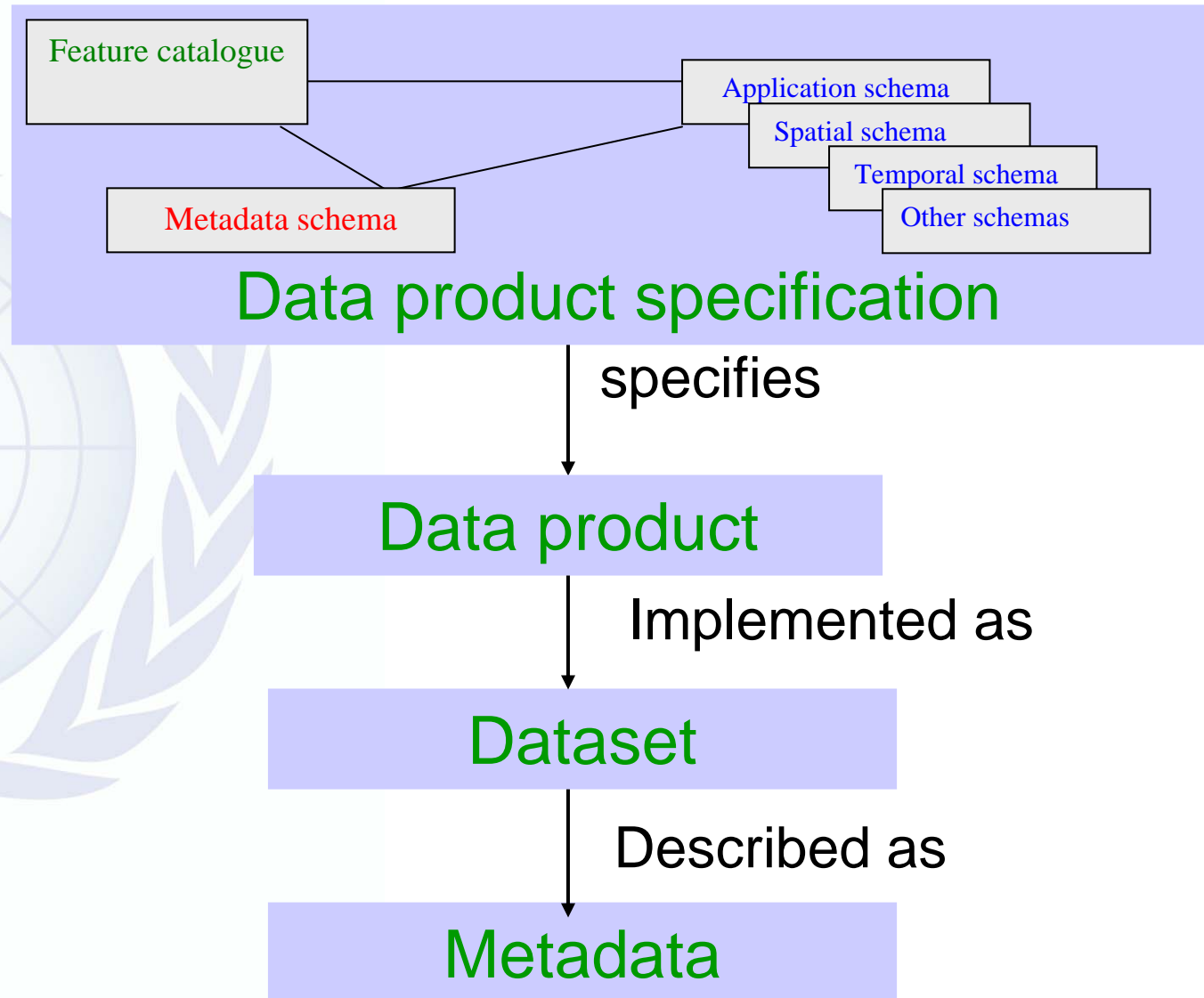
- Metadata are data about a dataset
- Metadata schema (ISO 19115)
presented in UML and XML (ISO 19139)



Relationship between features, metadata and data within the ISO CSMF



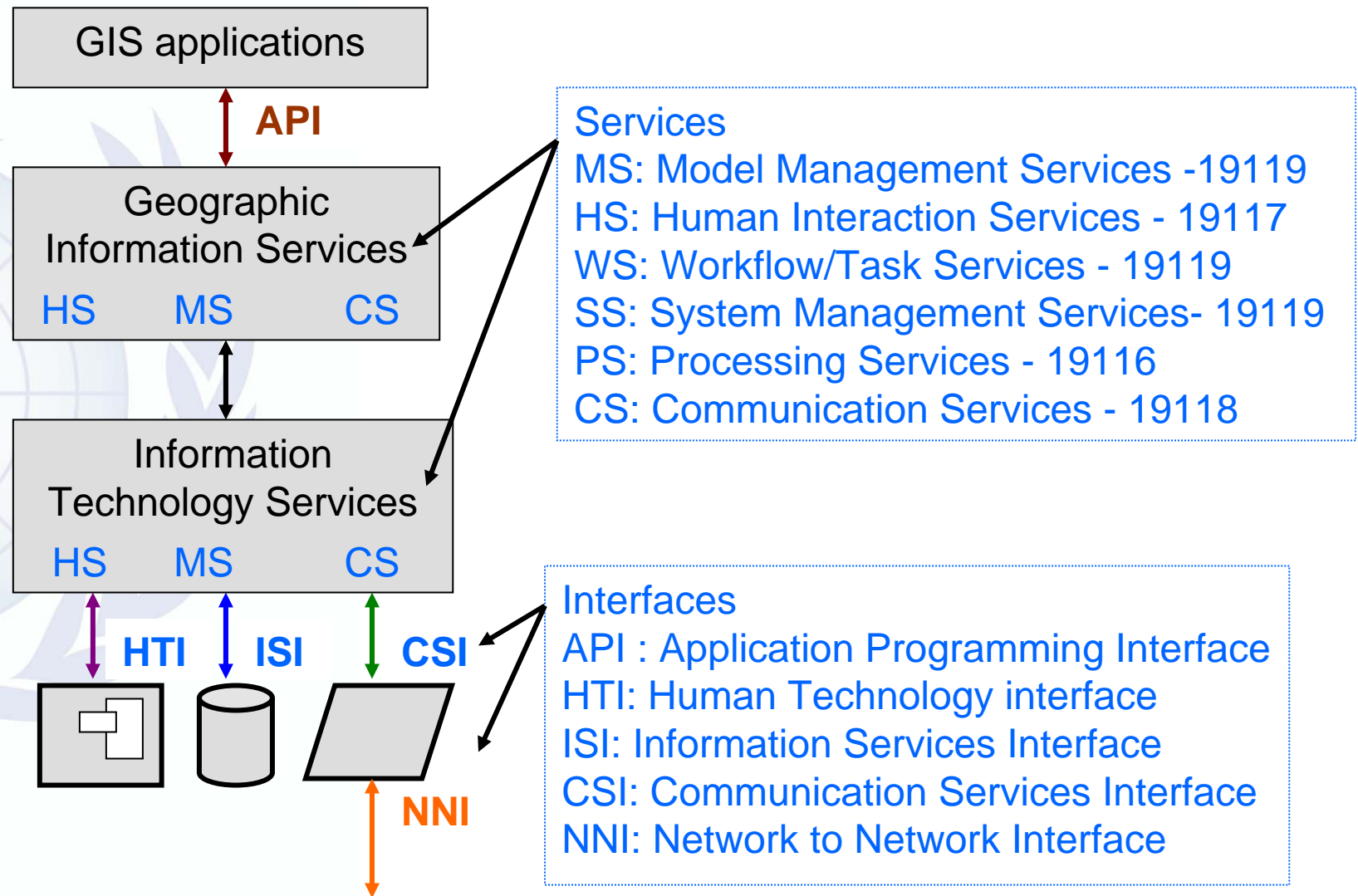
Data product specification- ISO 19131



Architectural reference model

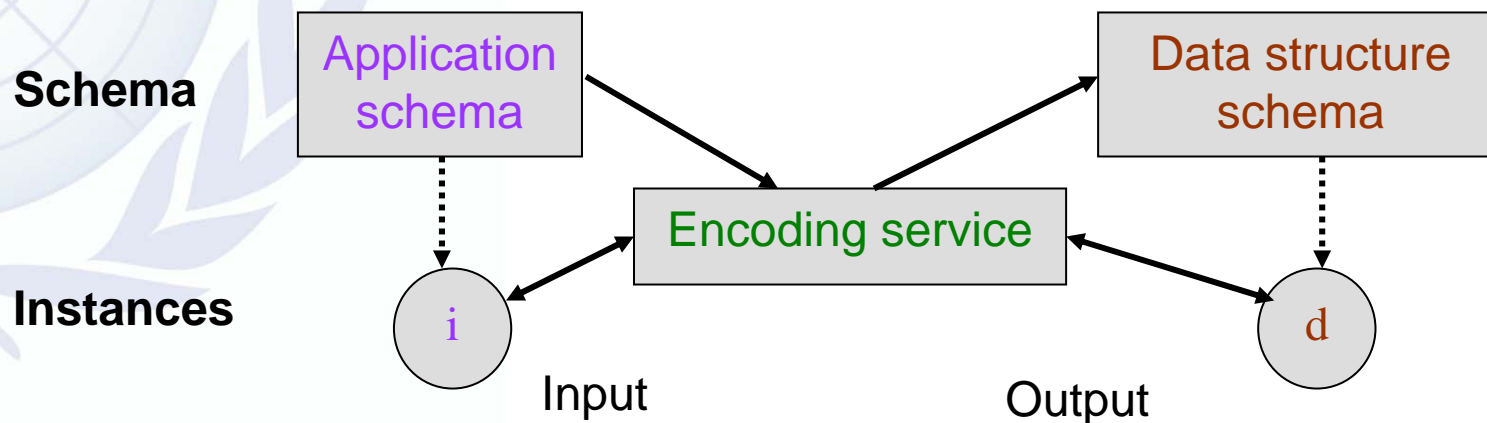
- The Architectural reference model (ISO 19101) describes the general types of services that will be provided by computer systems to manipulate geographic information and enumerates the service interfaces across which those services must interoperate (ISO 19116, 19117, 19118, 19119).

Architecture reference model



Architectural reference model

- Example of Communication services (CS): encoding service
 - ISO 19118 specifies the encoding rules that shall be used for data interchange purposes
 - Based on XML





Thank you for your attention!